

Log and antilog table pdf

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COMMON ANTILOGARITHM TABLE

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Mean difference									
										1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
.00	1000	1002	1005	1007	1009	1012	1014	1016	1019	1021	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
.01	1023	1026	1028	1030	1035	1038	1040	1042	1045	1048	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
.02	1047	1050	1052	1054	1057	1059	1062	1064	1067	1069	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
.03	1072	1074	1076	1079	1081	1084	1086	1089	1091	1094	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
.04	1096	1109	1102	1104	1107	1109	1112	1114	1117	1119	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
.05	1122	1125	1127	1130	1132	1135	1138	1140	1143	1146	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
.06	1148	1151	1153	1156	1159	1161	1164	1167	1169	1172	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
.07	1175	1178	1180	1183	1186	1189	1191	1194	1197	1199	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
.08	1202	1205	1208	1211	1213	1216	1219	1222	1225	1227	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
.09	1230	1233	1236	1239	1242	1245	1247	1250	1253	1256	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
.10	1259	1262	1265	1268	1271	1274	1276	1279	1282	1285	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
.11	1288	1291	1294	1297	1300	1303	1306	1309	1312	1315	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.12	1318	1321	1324	1327	1330	1334	1337	1340	1343	1346	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.13	1349	1352	1355	1358	1361	1365	1368	1371	1374	1377	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.14	1380	1384	1387	1390	1393	1396	1400	1403	1406	1409	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.15	1413	1416	1419	1422	1426	1429	1432	1435	1439	1442	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.16	1445	1449	1452	1455	1459	1462	1466	1469	1472	1476	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.17	1479	1483	1486	1489	1493	1496	1500	1503	1507	1510	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.18	1514	1517	1521	1524	1528	1531	1535	1538	1542	1545	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.19	1549	1552	1556	1560	1563	1567	1570	1574	1578	1581	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.20	1585	1589	1592	1596	1600	1603	1607	1611	1614	1618	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.21	1622	1626	1629	1633	1637	1641	1644	1648	1652	1656	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.22	1660	1663	1667	1671	1675	1679	1683	1687	1690	1694	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.23	1698	1702	1706	1710	1714	1718	1722	1726	1730	1734	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.24	1738	1742	1746	1750	1754	1758	1762	1766	1770	1774	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.25	1778	1782	1786	1791	1795	1799	1803	1807	1811	1816	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.26	1820	1824	1828	1832	1837	1841	1845	1849	1854	1858	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.27	1862	1866	1871	1875	1879	1884	1888	1892	1897	1901	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.28	1905	1910	1914	1919	1923	1928	1932	1936	1941	1945	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.29	1930	1954	1959	1963	1968	1972	1977	1982	1986	1991	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.30	1995	2000	2004	2009	2014	2018	2023	2028	2032	2037	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.31	2042	2046	2051	2056	2061	2065	2070	2075	2080	2084	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.32	2089	2094	2104	2109	2113	2118	2123	2128	2133	2138	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3
.33	2138	2143	2148	2153	2158	2163	2168	2173	2178	2183	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4
.34	2188	2193	2198	2203	2208	2213	2218	2223	2228	2234	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.35	2239	2244	2249	2254	2259	2265	2270	2275	2280	2286	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.36	2291	2296	2301	2307	2312	2317	2323	2328	2333	2339	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.37	2344	2350	2355	2360	2366	2371	2377	2382	2388	2393	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.38	2399	2404	2410	2415	2421	2427	2432	2438	2443	2449	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.39	2455	2460	2466	2472	2477	2483	2489	2495	2500	2506	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
.40	2512	2518	2523	2529	2535	2541	2547	2553	2559	2564	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5
.41	2570	2576	2582	2588	2594	2600	2606	2612	2618	2624	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5
.42	2630	2636	2642	2648	2653	2661	2667	2673	2679	2685	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6
.43	2692	2698	2704	2710	2716	2723	2729	2735	2742	2748	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6
.44	2754	2761	2767	2773	2778	2786	2793	2799	2805	2812	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	6	6</td

Logarithm Table

Mean Differences																				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	
11	00144	00453	00493	00492	00511	00569	00607	00645	00682	00719	00755	0084	008	009	010	012	015	021	029	031
12	0792	0828	0864	0899	0934	0969	0994	1004	1018	1027	1056	3	7	10	14	17	21	24	28	31
13	1139	1173	1206	1239	1271	1303	1335	1367	1399	1430	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	
14	1461	1492	1523	1553	1584	1614	1644	1673	1703	1732	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	
15	1761	1790	1818	1847	1875	1903	1931	1959	1987	2014	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	
16	2041	2059	2122	2148	2175	2201	2227	2253	2279	2304	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	
17	2304	2330	2355	2380	2405	2430	2455	2480	2504	2529	2	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	
18	2531	2577	2625	2672	2708	2745	2782	2819	2856	2893	2	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	
19	2788	2818	2856	2893	2930	2967	2989	3026	3053	3085	2	4	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	
20	3010	3032	3054	3075	3096	3118	3139	3160	3181	3202	2	4	6	8	10	13	16	19	23	
21	3222	3243	3263	3284	3304	3324	3345	3365	3385	3406	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
22	3424	3444	3464	3484	3504	3524	3544	3564	3584	3605	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
23	3617	3636	3656	3676	3696	3716	3736	3756	3776	3796	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
24	3802	3820	3838	3856	3874	3892	3909	3927	3945	3962	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
25	3979	3997	4014	4031	4048	4065	4082	4099	4116	4133	2	3	5	7	9	11	13	16	18	
26	4156	4166	4187	4200	4216	4232	4249	4265	4282	4298	2	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	
27	4314	4346	4346	4346	4346	4346	4346	4346	4346	4346	2	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	14	
28	4472	4487	4502	4518	4534	4550	4566	4582	4608	4624	4640	4656	4672	4688	4704	4720	4736	4752	4768	
29	4624	4639	4654	4669	4683	4698	4713	4728	4742	4757	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	12	13	
30	4771	4786	4800	4814	4829	4843	4857	4872	4886	4900	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	11	13	
31	4914	4928	4942	4955	4969	4983	4997	5011	5024	5038	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	11	13	
32	5051	5065	5079	5092	5105	5119	5132	5146	5159	5172	1	3	4	5	7	8	9	11	12	
33	5185	5198	5212	5224	5237	5250	5263	5276	5289	5302	1	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	12	
34	5315	5340	5353	5366	5379	5391	5403	5416	5428	5442	1	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11	
35	5461	5466	5471	5476	5481	5486	5491	5496	5501	5506	5511	5516	5521	5526	5531	5536	5541	5546	5551	
36	5613	5627	5641	5655	5669	5683	5697	5711	5725	5739	5753	5768	5782	5796	5810	5824	5838	5852	5866	
37	5763	5775	5789	5793	5807	5812	5826	5837	5851	5865	5879	5893	5907	5921	5935	5949	5963	5977	5991	
38	5911	5922	5933	5944	5955	5966	5976	5987	5998	6009	6021	6032	6043	6054	6065	6076	6087	6098	6110	
39	6051	6065	6076	6087	6098	6109	6120	6131	6142	6153	6164	6175	6186	6197	6208	6219	6230	6241	6252	
40	6202	6211	6221	6232	6243	6253	6264	6274	6285	6295	6306	6317	6328	6339	6350	6361	6372	6383	6394	
41	6259	6273	6287	6297	6307	6317	6327	6337	6347	6357	6368	6378	6388	6398	6408	6418	6428	6438	6448	
42	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	6322	
43	6375	6389	6394	6404	6414	6424	6434	6444	6454	6464	6474	6484	6494	6504	6514	6524	6534	6544	6554	
44	6435	6452	6462	6472	6482	6492	6502	6512	6522	6532	6542	6552	6562	6572	6582	6592	6602	6612	6622	
45	6522	6552	6582	6612	6642	6672	6702	6732	6762	6792	6822	6852	6882	6912	6942	6972	7002	7032	7062	
46	6628	6657	6664	6676	6685	6694	6705	6714	6724	6734	6744	6754	6764	6774	6784	6794	6804	6814	6824	
47	6721	6730	6739	6749	6758	6767	6776	6785	6794	6803	6812	6821	6830	6839	6848	6857	6866	6875	6884	
48	6812	6821	6830	6839	6848	6857	6866	6875	6884	6893	6902	6911	6920	6929	6938	6947	6956	6965	6974	
49	6902	6912	6921	6930	6939	6948	6957	6966	6975	6984	6993	7002	7011	7020	7029	7038	7047	7056	7065	
50	6990	6998	7006	7014	7021	7029	7037	7045	7053	7061	7069	7078	7086	7095	7104	7113	7122	7131	7140	
51	7076	7076	7084	7093	7101	7110														

Want more? Advanced embedding details, examples, and help! Something went wrong. Wait a moment and try again. Antilog table is used to find the anti-logarithm of a number. Antilog is a function that is the inverse of the log function. We know that we use the log table for doing math calculations easily without using a calculator. While doing the calculations, we apply the log first for the given expression, and after simplifying we should use the antilog table to find the antilog of the result that gives the simplified result of the given expression. Let us learn more about the antilog table along with how it looks like and how to use it for positive and negative numbers. We will solve examples using the antilog table for a better understanding of its usage. What is Antilog Table? Antilog table gives the antilog of a positive or a negative number. Antilog is the inverse of the logarithmic function, i.e., if $\log x = y$ then $x = \text{antilog}(y)$. So $\log x = y \Rightarrow x = \text{antilog}(y)$... (1) But by using the log formula, we can convert a logarithmic equation into an exponential equation. From this, $\log x = y \Rightarrow x = 10^y$... (2) From (1) and (2), we can say that $\text{antilog}(y) = 10^y$. This can be referred to as the antilog formula. For example: $\text{antilog}(2) = 10^2 = 100$ $\text{antilog}(-3) = 10^{-3} = 0.001$ $\text{antilog}(3.572) = 10^{3.572} = 30.572 \approx 31$? We can find the last step of using the calculator to get $\text{antilog}(3.572) = 30.572$. How do we find this antilog without using a calculator? The answer is the antilog table. Here is the antilog table for common logarithms. The antilog table is divided into three blocks. The first block is the most common column (main column) having numbers from .00 to .99. The second block (middle column) shows numbers from 0 to 9. The third block (mean difference column) contains the digits from 0 to 9. There is a note at the bottom of the table: "Antilog is calculated for the logarithms of some numbers. We know that the logarithm of a number can be either positive or negative whereas the mantissa should always be positive. Let us just recall how to separate the characteristic and mantissa from the logarithm of a number. Be careful while finding them in case of negative numbers (in case of negative numbers we add and subtract 1 to make mantissa positive). Log of Number Characteristic + Mantissa Characteristic Mantissa $3.5723 \cdot 3 + 0.5723 \cdot 3 = 0.0052 \cdot 0 + 0.0052 \cdot 0.0052 - 3.278 - 0.278 = (-3 - 1) + (1 - 0.278) = -4 + 0.722 - 4.0.722 \cdot 1.27 \cdot 1 - 0.27 = (-1 - 1) + (1 - 0.27) = -2 + 0.73 - 2.0.73$ How to Find Antilog?" Here is the process of finding the antilog of a number using the antilog table. Let us assume that we are going to find $\text{antilog}(3.5723)$ (which is the first example of the above table). Step - 1: Find the characteristic and mantissa. Here, characteristic = 3 and mantissa = 0.5723. Step - 2: Concentrate only on mantissa in this step. Use the first two digits after the decimal point to be the row number and the third digit to be the column number and find the corresponding number from the log table. The number that lies in row .05 and column 2 is 3733. Step - 3: In the same row, look for the mean difference corresponding to the 4th digit of mantissa. Add this to the value from Step - 2. Here, the 4th digit of the mantissa is 3 and the corresponding mean difference is 3. 3733+3 = 3736 Step - 4: Put a decimal point right after the first digit of the number from Step - 3 always. Then it becomes 3.736. Step - 5: Multiply the number from Step - 4 by 10characteristic and the result itself is the antilog of the given number. $\text{antilog}(3.5723) = 3.736 \times 10^3 = 3736$. Antilog of a Number Without Using Anti Log Table In the first section, we have seen the antilog formula to be $\text{antilog}(x) = 10x$. But this formula can be used without a calculator only when x is an integer. If x is NOT an integer, we will have to use a calculator to compute $10x$. Let us cross-check the above antilog using this formula. $\text{antilog}(3.5723) = 10^{3.5723} \approx 3735$, which is very close to the earlier answer, and hence our antilog was correct. Here are more examples: Antilog of 1 = $10^1 = 10$ Antilog of 2 = $10^2 = 100$ Antilog of 3 = $10^3 = 1000$ Antilog of 4 = $10^4 = 10000$ Antilog Table The main purpose of the log and antilog tables is to make the process of doing multiplication division, finding exponents, and roots easier. For simplifying any expression involving product, quotient, or exponents: Apply log first. Use the following properties of logarithms to expand the log and antilog table. Solution: $\log(x \cdot y) = \log x + \log y$ $\log(x/y) = \log x - \log y$ $\log(x^m) = m \log x$ Use log on both sides: $\log x = \log(0.00153)/2 = 1/2 \log(0.00153)$ (Using the property of logarithms) = $(1/2)(-2.8153)$ (Using the log table) = -1.40765 Now, take antilog on both sides. Then $x = \text{antilog}(-1.40765) = -1 - 0.40765 = (-1 - 1) + (1 - 0.40765) = -2 + 0.59235$. Here, mantissa is 0.59235. So look for the value (in the antilog table) in the row labelled 0.59 and column 2 and add the same row's mean difference column 3 (we are ignoring the 5th digit which is 5 here as the antilog table can be used only till 4 digits). Then we get $3908 + 3 = 3911$. Now place a decimal point right after the first digit, we get 3.911. Multiply this by 10characteristic = 10⁻². Then $x = \text{antilog}(-1.40765) = 3.911 \times 10^{-2} = 0.03911$. Therefore, $\sqrt{0.00153} = 0.03911$. We can cross-check the result using the calculator. Important Notes on Antilog Table: Antilog (x) is the same as 10x and hence the antilog of any number (positive or negative) is always positive. When we find the antilog of a number, use its mantissa to see its corresponding number from log table, and use its characteristic for placing the decimal point. When we are doing any calculation using logarithms, we always have to apply antilog after simplifying the log of the expression. Make sure that mantissa is positive. ■ Related Topics: Example 1: Find the antilog of the following numbers using the antilog table: (a) 0.0052 (b) -3.2778. Solution: (a) 0.0052 = 0 + 0.0052. Its characteristic is 0 and mantissa is 0.0052. Look for the number (in the antilog table) in row .00 and column 5 and add the corresponding mean difference under 2. So we get $1012 + 0 = 1012$. Then $\text{antilog}(0.0052) = 1.012 \times 100 = 1.012$. (b) -3.2778 = $-3 - 0.2778 = (-3 - 1) + (1 - 0.2778) = -4 + 0.722$. Its characteristic is -4 and mantissa is 0.722. Look for the number in row .72 and column 2 and add the corresponding mean difference of column 2. Then we get $5272 + 2 = 5274$. Antilog (-3.2778) = $5.274 \times 10^{-4} = 0.0005274$. Answer: (a) Antilog(0.0052) = 1.012 (b) Antilog (-3.2778) = 0.0005274. Both answers are very close to the answers in Example 1. Answer: The answers are verified using a calculator. Example 3: Multiply 6.723 × 21.572 using log and antilog tables. Solution: Let $x = 6.723 \times 21.572$. Taking one of the properties of logarithms, $\log x = \log 6.723 + \log 21.572$ Using the log table, $\log x = 0.8276 + 1.334 \log 2 = 2.1616$ Using anti logarithms, $x = \text{antilog}(2.1616)$ Using antilog table, $x = 145.1$ Answer: So the approximate value of 6.723×21.572 is 145.1. View Answer > go to slidego to slidego to slide Great learning in high school using simple cues Indulging in role learning, you are likely to forget concepts. With Cuemath, you will learn visually and be surprised by the outcomes. Book a Free Trial Class FAQs on Antilog Table The antilogarithm table gives the antilog of a positive or a negative number. Antilog table is used to find the anti-logarithm of a number. Antilog is a function that is the inverse of the log function. Why do We Use Anti logarithm Table? We use the anti logarithm table to calculate the antilog of a number. For example, if we have a logarithmic equation like $\log x = y$, then we can find x by using $x = \text{antilog}(y)$. What is Antilog ? We know that $\text{antilog}(x) = 10^x$. Thus, $\text{antilog}(1) = 10^1 = 10$. How to Use Antilog Table to Find Antilog of a Number? Steps to use antilog table to find the antilog of a number: Find characteristic and mantissa of the number. Use the mantissa to see the corresponding number in the antilog table. For this, use the first two digits after the decimal point of mantissas to be the row number, the third digit to be the column number, find the corresponding value and add the corresponding mean difference. Place a decimal point immediately after the first digit of the number from the antilog table. Multiply the above number by 10characteristic. How to Convert Log into Antilog? Log and antilog are two functions that are inverses of each other. So when log goes to the other side of the equation, it becomes an antilog. For example, if $\log(m) = n$ then $m = \text{antilog}(n)$. How to Calculate Antilog With a Calculator? We don't have an "antilog" button on any calculator. The antilog of a number is equal to 10 raised to the number. For example, $\text{antilog}(5) = 10^5$. So we use the formula $\text{antilog}(x) = 10^x$ to find the antilog using a calculator. How to Convert Antilog into Log? As antilog is the inverse of log, whenever $\text{antilog}(x) = y$, it means that $x = \log y$, i.e., if "y" is the antilog of "x" then "x" is the logarithm of "y". What is the Value of Antilog of 2? We know that the antilog of a number is obtained by raising 10 to that number. Hence, $\text{antilog}(2) = 10^2 = 100$. What is Common Anti Logarithm Table from 1 to 10? Since $\text{antilog}(x) = 10^x$, for any x , here is the anti logarithm table from 1 to 10. Number Antilog 1 101 2 102 3 103 4 104 5 105 6 106 7 107 8 108 9 109 10 1010 Does Antilog Exist for Negative Numbers? The logarithm of a number can be either positive or negative. Since an antilog is the inverse of log, yes, antilog exists for negative numbers as well. To conclude: Log exists only for positive numbers but it results in positive and negative numbers. Antilog exists for both positive and negative numbers but it results only in positive numbers. What is the Difference Between Log and Antilog? Log Antilog The logarithm of a number x is y (i.e., $\log(x) = y$) if $x = 10^y$. The antilog of a number x is y (i.e., $\text{antilog}(x) = y$) if $y = \log x$. Log is the inverse function of antilog. Antilog is the inverse function of log. $\log 10x = x$ itself. $\text{antilog}(x) = 10^x$. Log can be found only for either positive or negative numbers or for 0. Log of a number can be either positive or negative or 0. Antilog of a number is always positive as it is the result of exponent of 10. Antilog is the inverse of log. $\log 10x = x$ itself. $\text{antilog}(x) = 10^x$. Log can be found only for either positive or negative numbers or for 0. Log of a number can be either positive or negative or 0. Antilog of a number is always positive as it is the result of the exponent of 10.

Example log calculations. $\log 2.64 = 6$, since $2.6 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 64$. That's a log with base 2, $\log 2. \log 3.27 = 3$, since $3.3 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$. That's a log with base 3. There are values for which the logarithm function returns negative results, e.g. $\log 2.0125 = -3$, since $2.3 = 1 / 2.3 = 1/8 = 0.125$. Here are some quick rules for calculating especially simple logarithms. Sine calculator online. sin(x) calculator. This website uses cookies to improve your experience, analyze traffic and display ads. Note, the above is not a definition, merely a pithy description... Just as subtraction is the inverse operation of addition, and taking a square root is the inverse operation of squaring, exponentiation and logarithms are inverse operations. Finding an antilog is the inverse operation of finding a log, so is another name for exponentiation. However, historically, this was done as a table lookup. Words that rhyme with log include clog, fog, jog, block, hog, knock, log, mock, bog and flock. Find more rhyming words at wordhippo.com! 17/01/2013 · In logistic regression the coefficients derived from the model (e.g., b) indicate the change in the expected log odds relative to a one unit change in X 1, holding all other predictors constant. Therefore, the antilog of an estimated regression coefficient, exp(b), produces an odds ratio, as illustrated in the example below. Free online tangent calculator. tan(x) calculator. This website uses cookies to improve your experience, analyze traffic and display ads. 05/04/2022 · Now we can see some more examples than just the $\log 4 = 2$ from above. For instance, we can say that the \log with base 2 of 8 is 3. Similarly, $\log_2 16 = 4$ or $\log_2 32 = 5$. But what is, say, $\log_5 57$? Surely, 5 is not a power of 2. To be precise, it's not an integer power of 2. We have to remember that there are also fractional exponents, and indeed, here, we need one of those. 14/03/2018 · To create a more manageable number, chemists define the pKa value as the negative logarithm of the Ka value: $pKa = -\log Ka$. If you already know the pKa value for an acid and you need the Ka value, you find it by taking the antilog. In practice, this means raising both sides of the equality to exponents of 10. LN Function in Excel (Table of Contents) LN in Excel; LN Formula in Excel; How to use LN Function in Excel? ... Log 5 (125) = 3. The logarithm of 125 with a base number of 5 is 3. A relationship between Logarithms & Exponents. Here exponent says how many times you need to multiply the base value.

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